

Lab Tests Online®

A Global Standard for Patient Education

teaching the the WOLF CO

about

lab medicine

since 2001

in English

en español

auf Deutsch

po polsku

magyarul

in italiano

στα Ελληνικά

v češtině

en français

中文版

em Português

Türkçe

in limba Romana

한국어판



Lab Tests Online Vision

A public resource on clinical lab testing from the professionals who do the testing

- inform the public about clinical laboratory testing
- increase the visibility of the lab among
 - Policymakers
 - Medical professionals
 - Students



Early History

- 1999- AACC's HI5 patient education program launched— paper based patient education on 5 common laboratory tests (glucose, cholesterol, TSH, PSA, hemoglobin)
- Early 2000- Industry group recommends expanding HI5 to the web
- Fall 2000- Initial editorial group selected with members from five partners (AACC, ACLA, ASCLS, ASM, CLMA), industry supporter agreements reached
- Jan 2001- Project formally launched with hire of executive producer



Growing and Maturing

- US site now has over 300 test descriptions, over 100 condition descriptions, and adds a new news article about every 2 weeks
- Is updating about 100 articles/year; all updates are reviewed for substantive edits and these are made available to editors in all countries
- Editorial board continues to meet by conference call every 2 weeks, and performs a number of reviews of updated pages and news articles "off-line"



Globalizing Lab Tests Online

- 2004: UK version
- 2007: Spain, Germany, Poland, Australia, Hungary, Italy
- 2008: Greece, Czech Republic
- 2009: France, China
- 2010: Portugal, Brazil
- 2011: Turkey
- 2012: Korea, Romania (November 1)

By end 2012: 14 languages, 17 countries



World-Wide Traffic

- 2009, 10 sites, total 23.2 million, average
 1.93 million/month
- 2010, 12 sites, total 31.5 million, average 2.6 million/month
- 2011, 15 sites, total 30.6 million, average 2.5 million/month (switched analytic tool, reports about 20% less; corrected, 20% up from 2010)
- 2012, 16 sites, projected total 33.4 million, average 2.8 million/month



IS



NEEDED?



Health Literacy on Lab Tests

The ability to read, understand, and act on health information

Little research specifically related to Lab testing

This despite the fact that laboratory tests are commonly performed on patients, and that they make up 60-70% of the objective information in physician's notes



The ability to read, understand, and act on health information

Most patients need help interpreting health information

Most health care materials are written at 10th grade reading level

Average American reads at 8th-9th grade level, and 20% at 5th grade or below



Consequences of Impaired Health Literacy

In studies, literacy skills are a stronger predictor of health status than age, income, employment status, education level, or racial/ethnic group

In US, almost 1/3 of population estimated to have problems understanding and acting on health care information



Health Literacy on Lab Tests

- Laboratory tests are the most difficult part of the medical record for patients to evaluate, as numeracy skills are often lacking
- In one study, only 5-15% of US public are science literate (able to read scientific terminology, understand scientific concepts)



Health Literacy on Lab Tests

National Association of Chronic Disease Directors/Ortho Clinical Diagnostics

- Did survey of over 1000 healthcare users in US; 79% had blood work done in past year
- Only 52% of those recently tested knew cholesterol level, only 35% knew glucose level (< 10% of those not recently tested knew these)
- 88% would like results discussed during doctor visits, yet this happened with <40%



Consequences of Impaired Health Literacy

In studies, health literacy problems are associated with:

- Mismanagement of medications
- Failure to perform necessary follow-up visits and procedures
- Increased rates of hospitalization
- Increased morbidity and mortality



Institute of Medicine Report 2004

"Prescription to End Confusion"

Described other issues in health literacy besides reading, including numeracy (ability to interpret numbers) and conceptual knowledge

- both critical for laboratory tests



Institute of Medicine Report 2004

Points out that more than reading skills needed; requires:

- Background health knowledge
- Familiarity with health language
- Communication skills



Patient Feedback



"I have never seen a website that explains things as plainly and simple and yet rich in information...keep up your excellent job."

Provider Feedback



"Excellent, Excellent!!! I also appreciate the clear and concise summaries on medical conditions. Its often better explained than my medical text books."

Media Endorsement

... a masterfully simple page ...
--Washington Post

One of the best medical sites online



Thank You!

